A hand holding a glowing green crystal in a dark, rocky environment. The hand is made of dark, textured material, possibly stone or metal, and is holding a large, translucent green crystal that glows with a bright green light. The background is dark and rocky, with some greenish light reflecting off the surfaces. In the upper left, there is a small, glowing yellow tree or plant. The overall atmosphere is mysterious and magical.

# BitSquid Tech

## Benefits of a data-driven renderer

Tobias Persson  
GDC 2011

# Agenda

- An introduction to BitSquid
- Key design principles of BitSquid Tech
- Benefits of having a data-driven rendering pipe



# BitSquid

- Core team consists of me (rendering) and Niklas Frykholm (system)
- Based in Stockholm, Sweden
- Founded in September 2009 after GRINs unfortunate bankruptcy



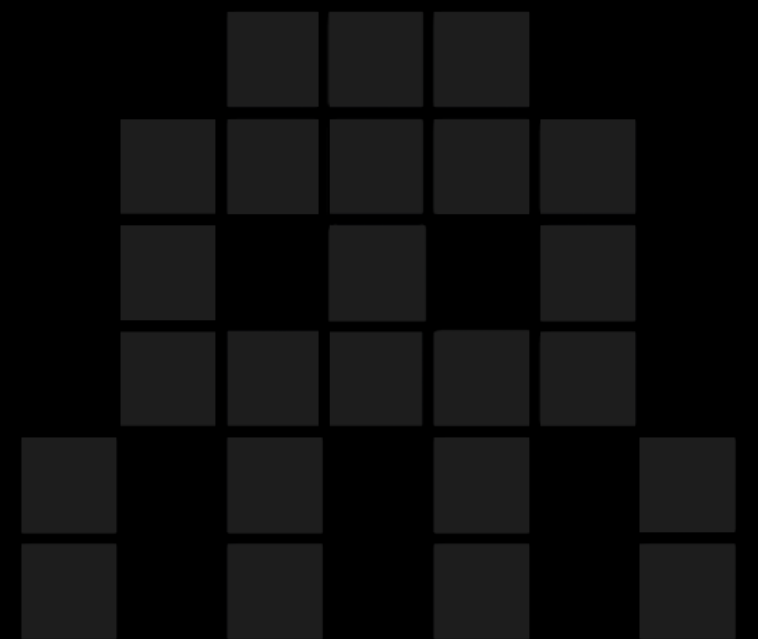
# Ambitious Goal

- To develop a new high-end game engine for licensing
- Cross-platform: PS3, X360, PC/DX11 (+ future “*console*” HW)
- We call it *BitSquid Tech*



# Fatshark collaboration

- Impossible to build game technology without close collaboration with end-users (i.e. game developers)
- Fatshark is an independent mid-sized game developer [Lead and Gold, BCR2, Hamilton]
- BitSquid and Fatshark shares office space
- Fatshark are our crash test dummies





# Products running BSTech

- *Stone Giant* [BitSquid / Fatshark] - DX11/tessellation tech-demo
- *Hamilton's Great Adventure* [Fatshark] - 3rd person puzzle game to be released on PSN and Steam
- Two external developers working on unannounced projects



# Stone Giant Demo



# Key design principles of BitSquid Tech





# Fast Content Iterations

- Being able to iterate fast over content is key to create great games
- In BSTech content is everything from low-level engine configuration files to high-level art assets
- Support hot-reloading of all content



# Multi-core

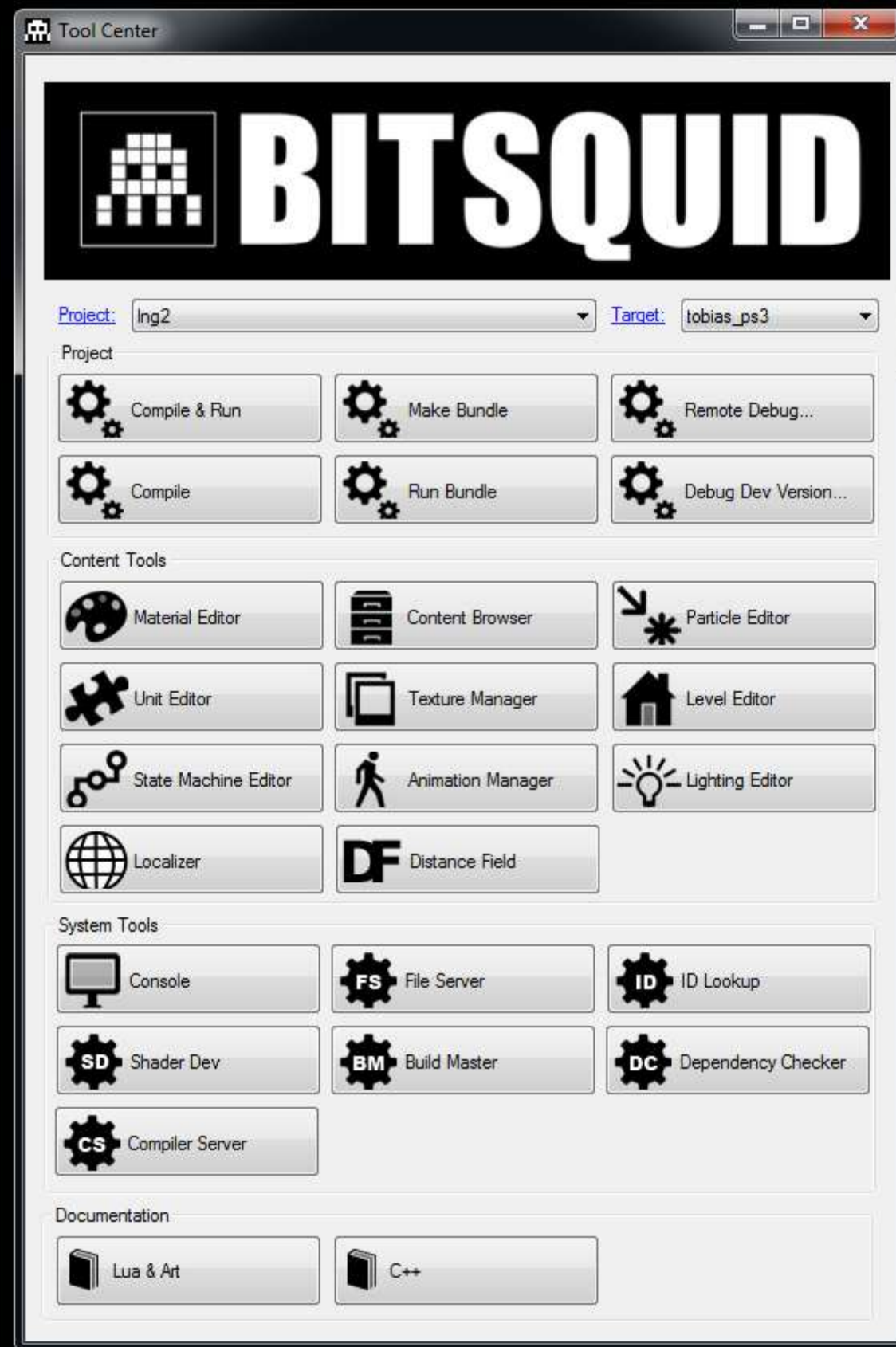
- All bulk workload run through our job-system
  - Mixture of task & data-parallel jobs
- Data oriented design
  - Heavy focus on memory-layout of input/output data
  - Easy DMA to coprocessors (SPU/GPGPU)

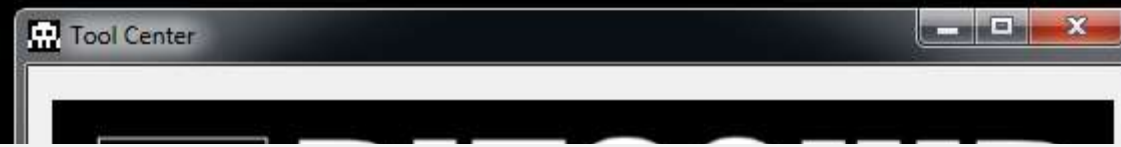


# Tools

- No mega-editor™
- Instead: multiple tools designed for specific purposes
- Much easier to extend and add new tools
- Gathered in a central launcher called “*tool center*”







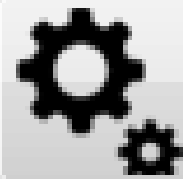
Project:

Ing2

Target:

tobias\_ps3

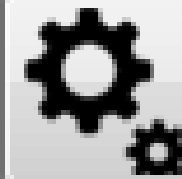
Project



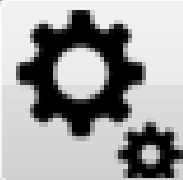
Compile & Run



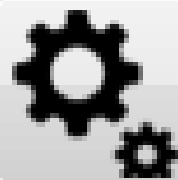
Make Bundle



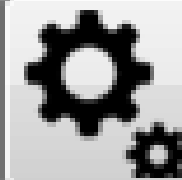
Remote Debug...



Compile



Run Bundle



Debug Dev Version...



State Machine Editor



Animation Manager



Lighting Editor



Localizer



Distance Field

System Tools



Console



File Server



ID Lookup



Shader Dev



Build Master



Dependency Checker



Compiler Server

Documentation



Lua & Art



C++





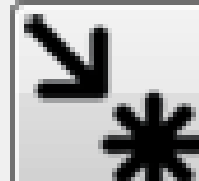
## Content Tools



Material Editor



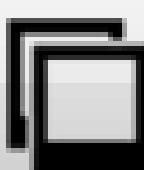
Content Browser



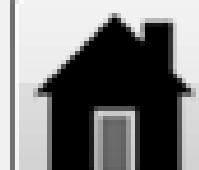
Particle Editor



Unit Editor



Texture Manager



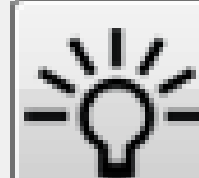
Level Editor



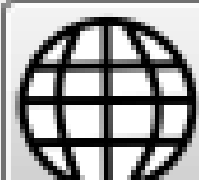
State Machine Editor



Animation Manager



Lighting Editor



Localizer



Distance Field



Compiler Server

### Documentation



Lua & Art



C++



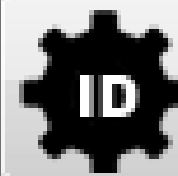
## System Tools



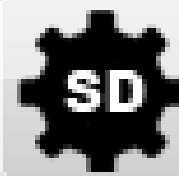
Console



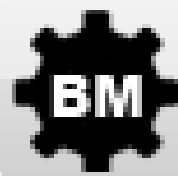
File Server



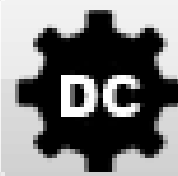
ID Lookup



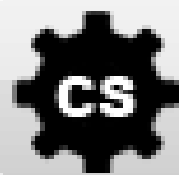
Shader Dev



Build Master



Dependency Checker



Compiler Server

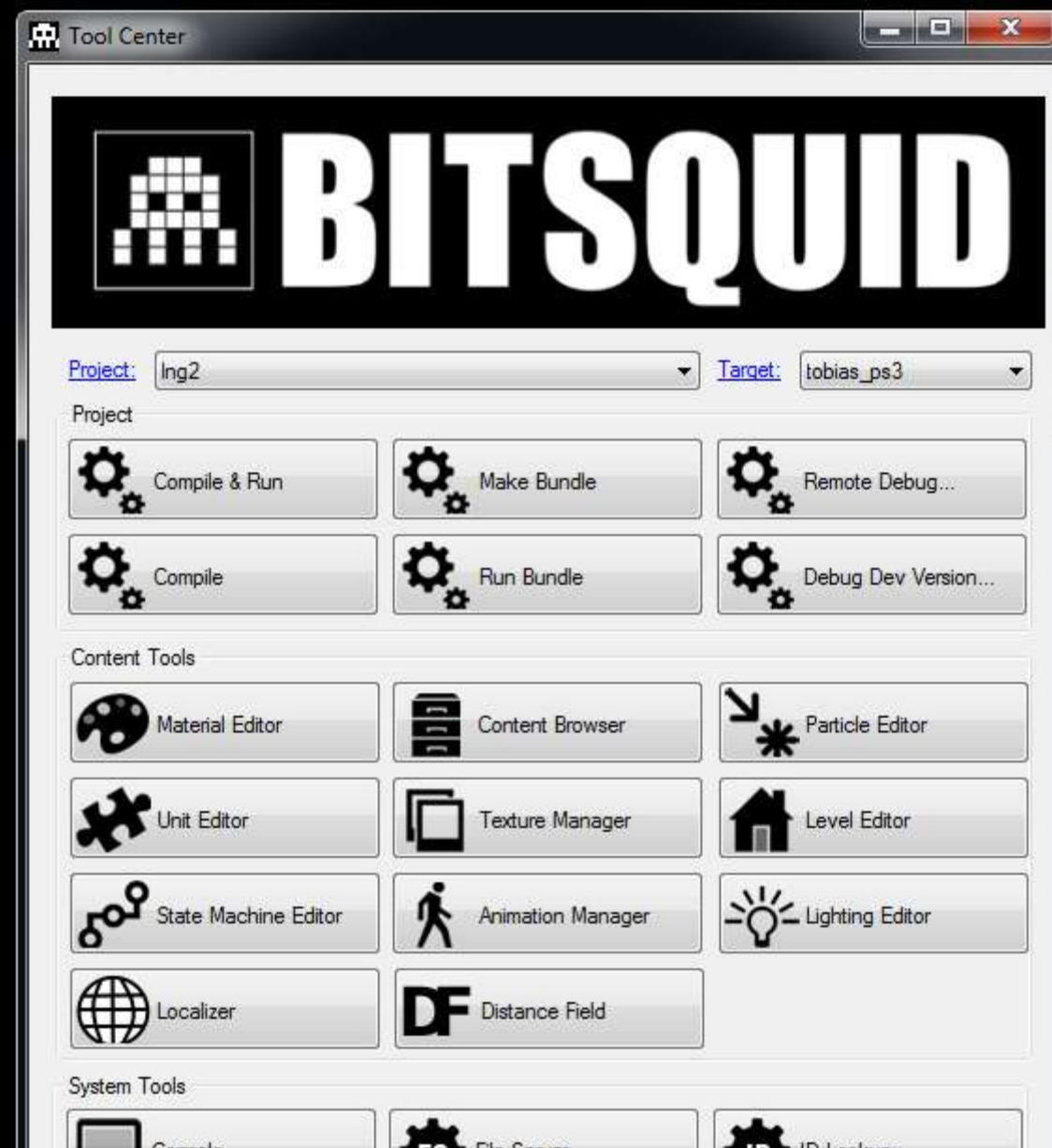


Lua & Art



C++





## Documentation



Lua & Art



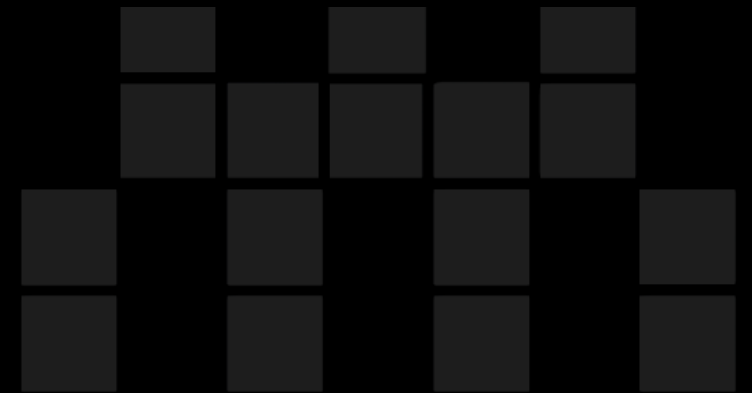
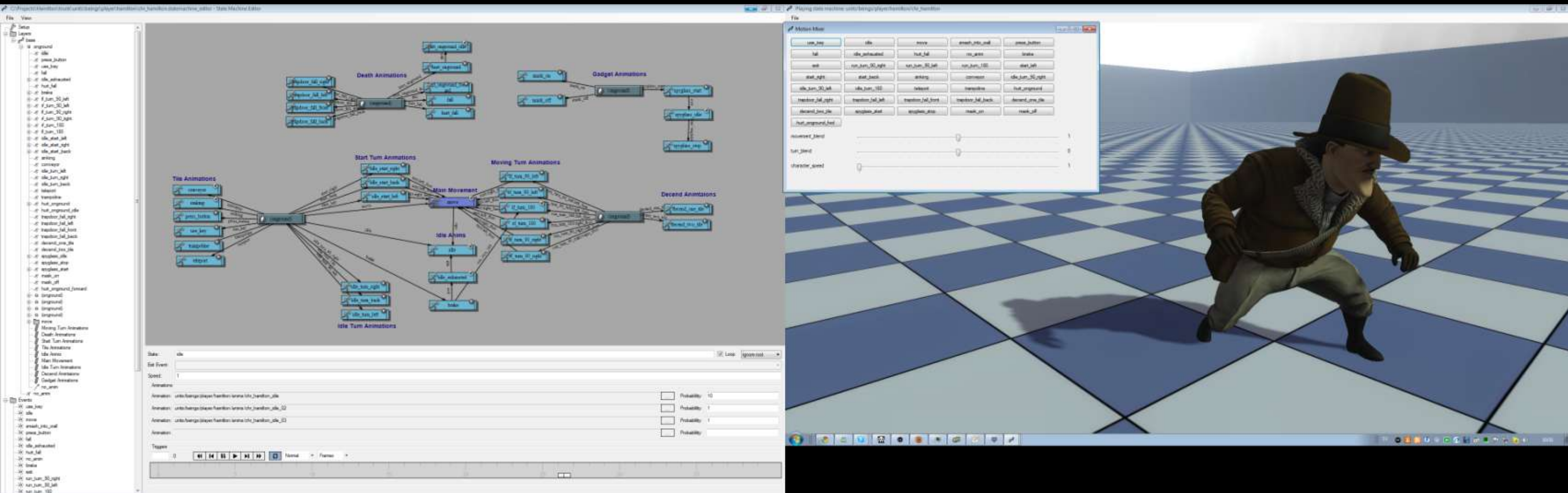
C++

# Tools cont.

- All visualization using “real” engine
- Avoids strong coupling to engine by forcing all communication over TCP/IP
  - Boot engine with tool slave script
  - Tool sends windows handle to engine, engine creates child window with swap-chain
  - Write tools in the language you prefer

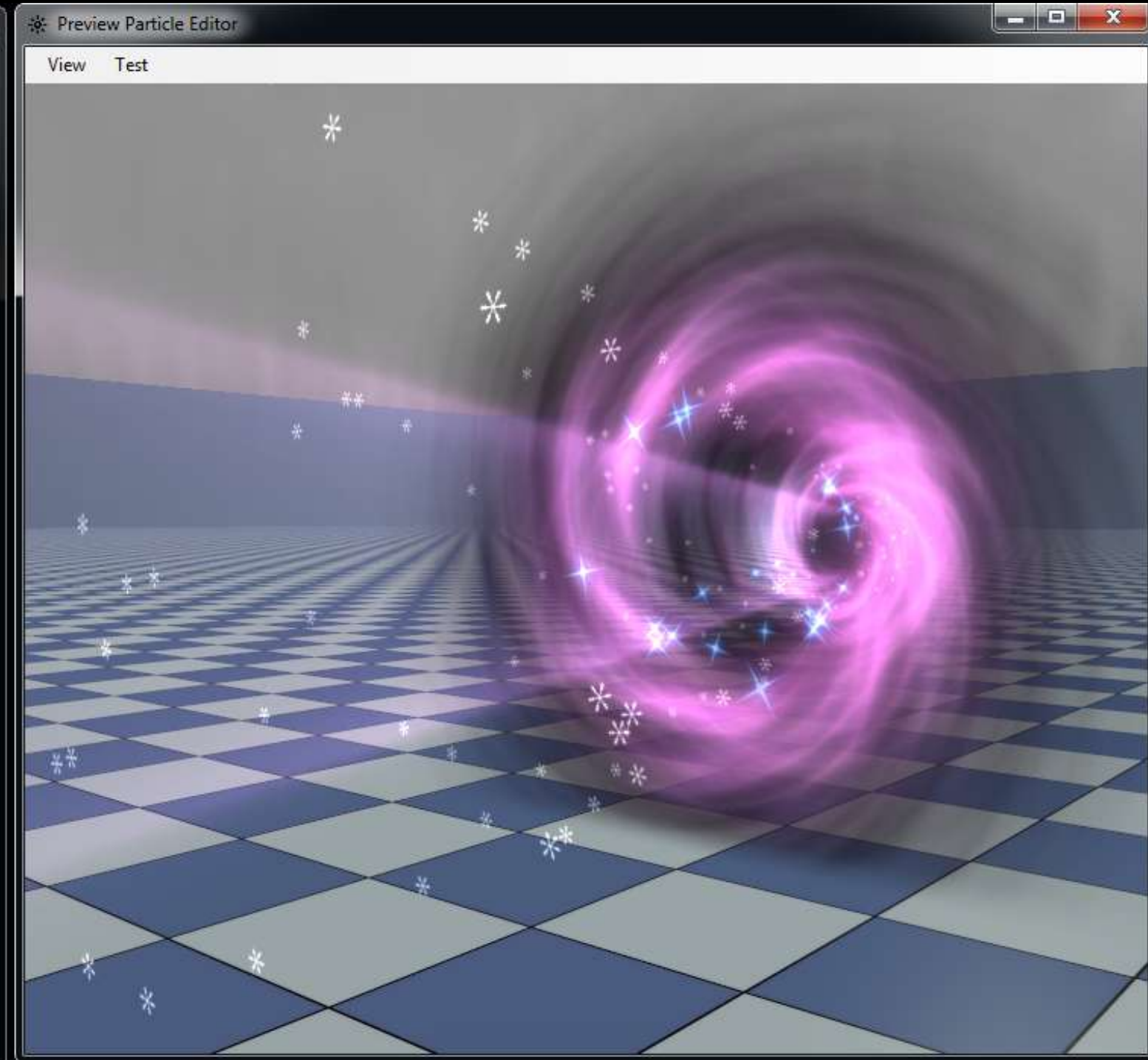
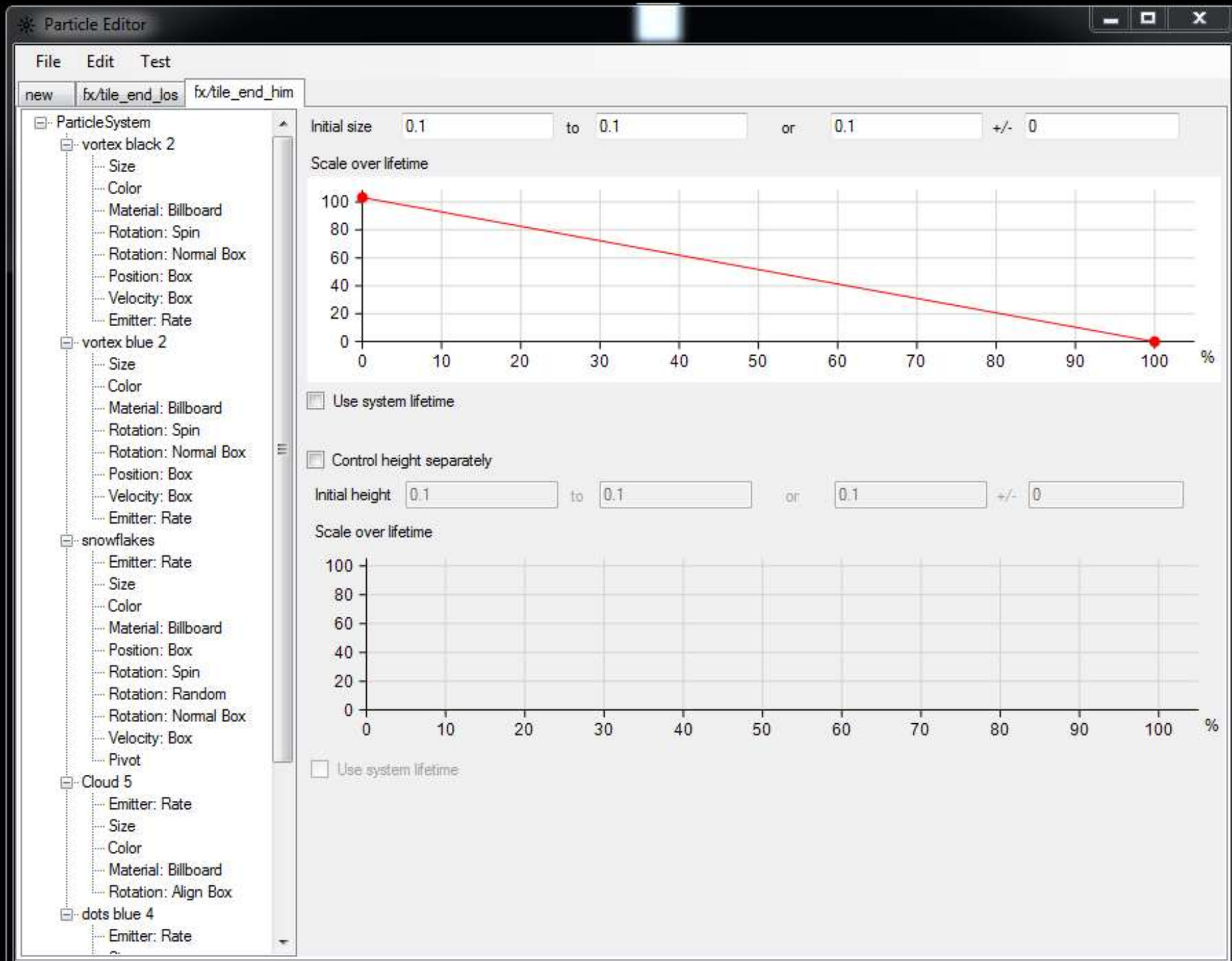


# Animation State Machine Editor





# Particle Editor



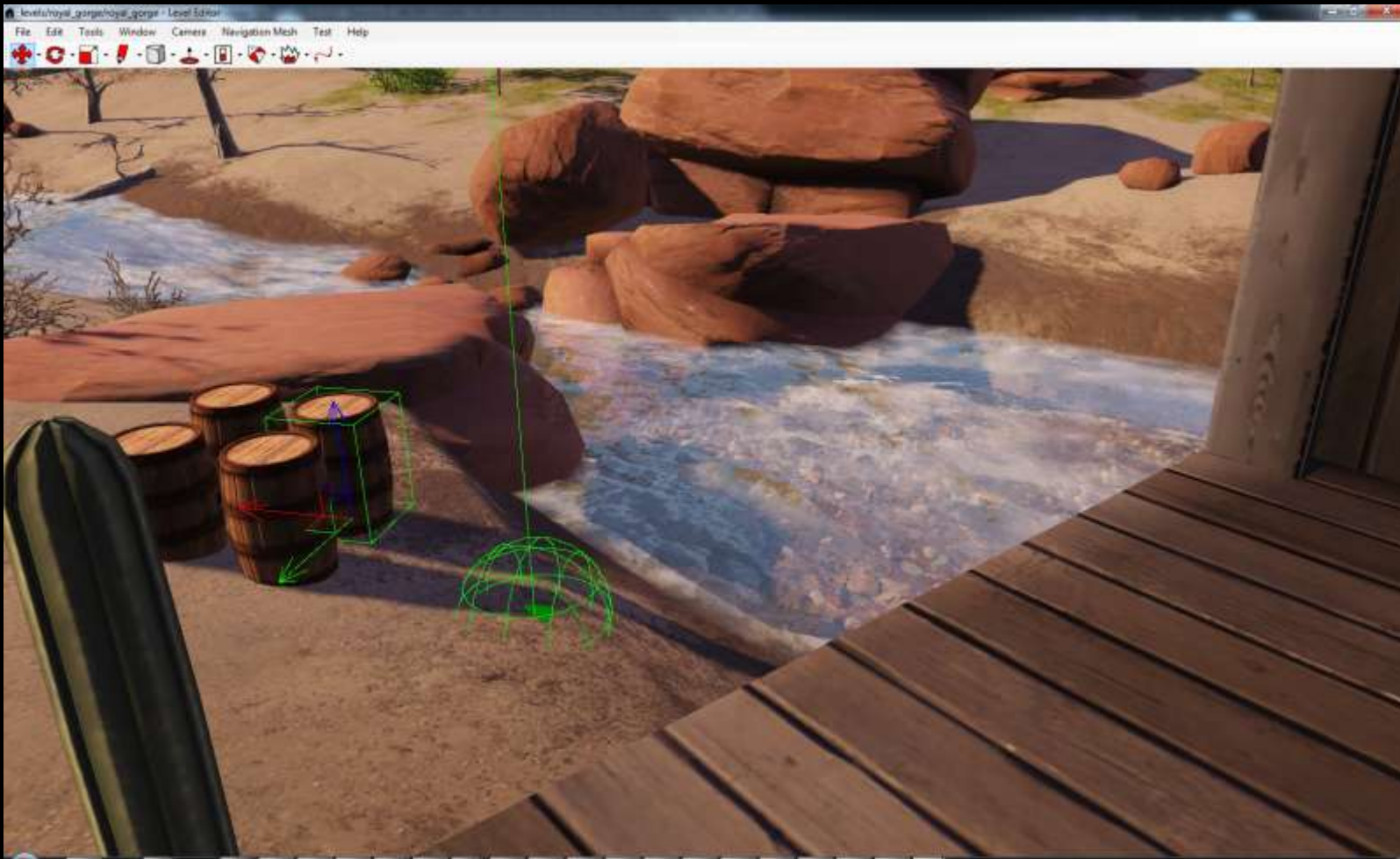
# Console Focus

- Hard to get all departments to test their content on console HW
  - Two options: 1.Make PC runtime suck or 2.Make console testing easy
- All tools run on console, examples:
  - Mirroring of level editor
  - Simultaneous tweaking of lighting / material properties





# Level Editor mirroring



PC



PS3

Content from unannounced project  
Courtesy of Fatshark

# Benefits of a data-driven renderer





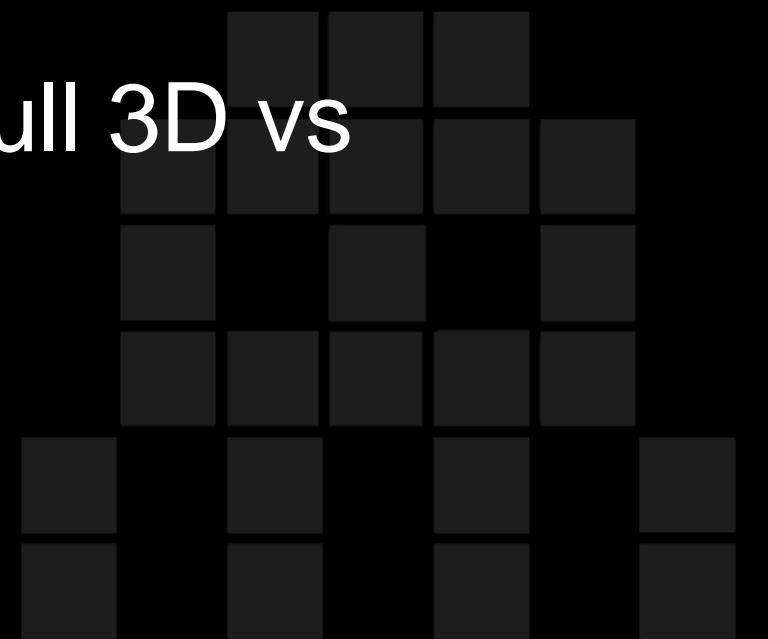
# Definition

- *What is a data-driven renderer?*
  - Shaders, resource creation/manipulation and flow of the rendering pipe is defined entirely in data
  - Hot-reloadable - for minimal iteration times



# Motivation

- Multiple projects with different needs
  - Projects targeting 60Hz will have a completely different rendering pipe than those targeting 30Hz
  - Artistic style: Photorealism vs Toon-shading, Full 3D vs 2.5D, etc.





Early prototype of a  
60Hz rendering pipe  
(Running on PS3)

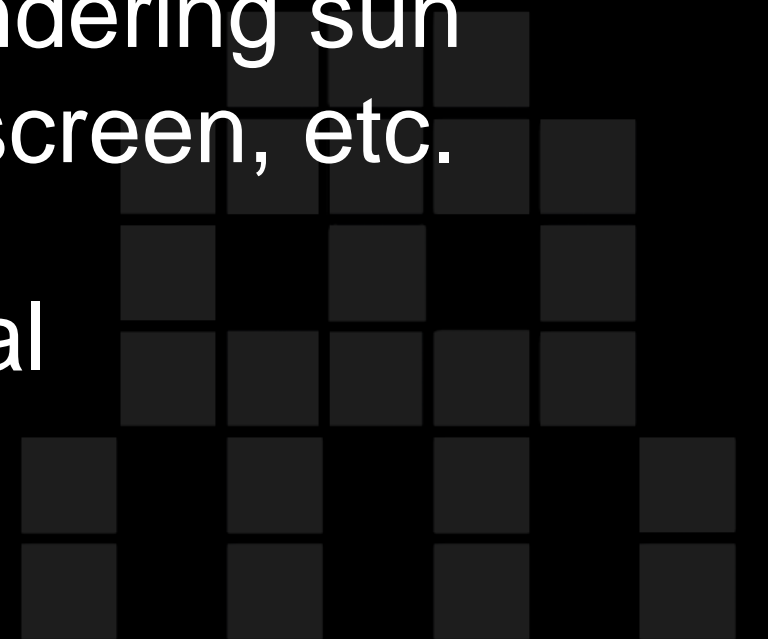
- Baked AO
- HDR but no light-adaption
- Simplified post processing



Content from "The Fight: Lights Out"  
Courtesy of Coldwood Interactive and SCEE

# Motivation cont.

- Flexibility: Easy debugging and experimentation
- Scalability: Targeting a wide range of HW requires a rendering pipe that scales
- Game context aware rendering pipe – e.g. stop rendering sun shadows when indoors, simplify rendering in split-screen, etc.
- High-level render pipe code not performance critical







.. is very different from ..





Hamilton's Great Adventure (PS3)  
Courtesy of Fatshark







Hamilton's Great Adventure (PS3)  
Courtesy of Fatshark



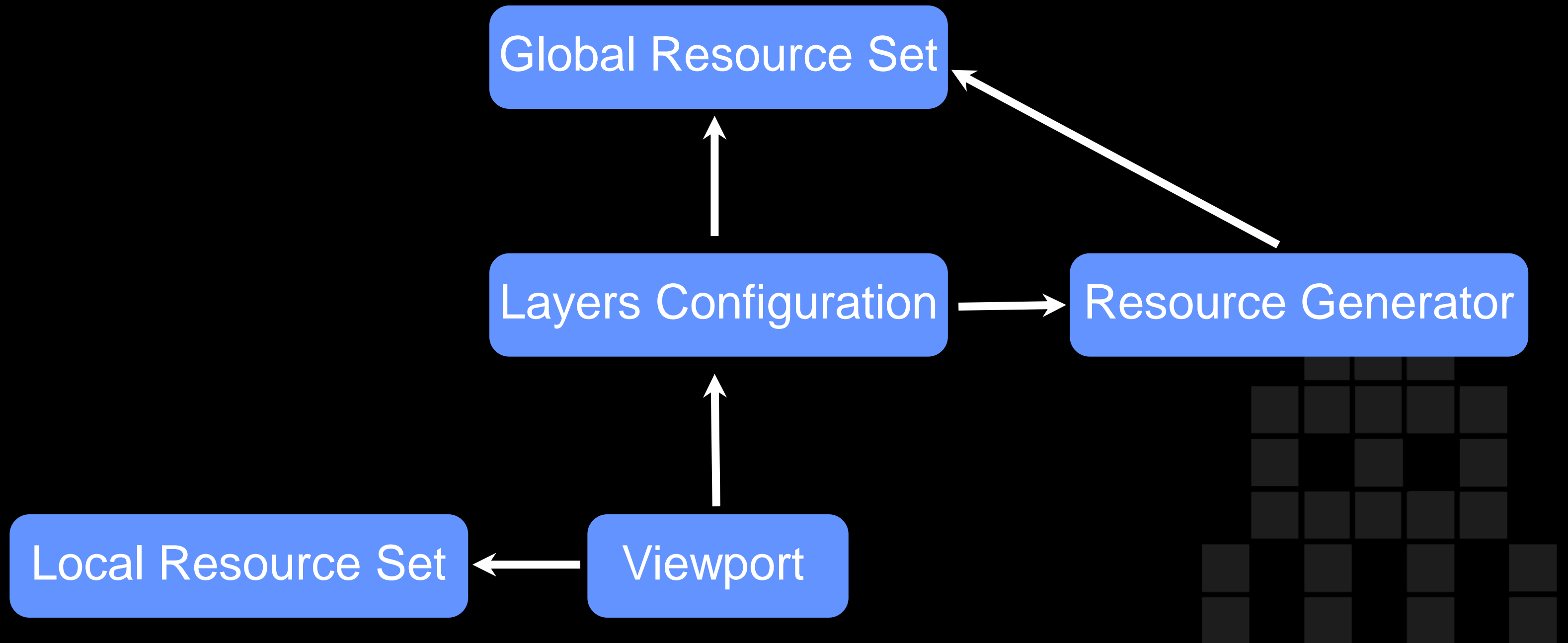
# Implementation

- The *render\_config* file:
  - JSON\* configuration file describing the entire rendering pipe
  - Supports hot-reloading

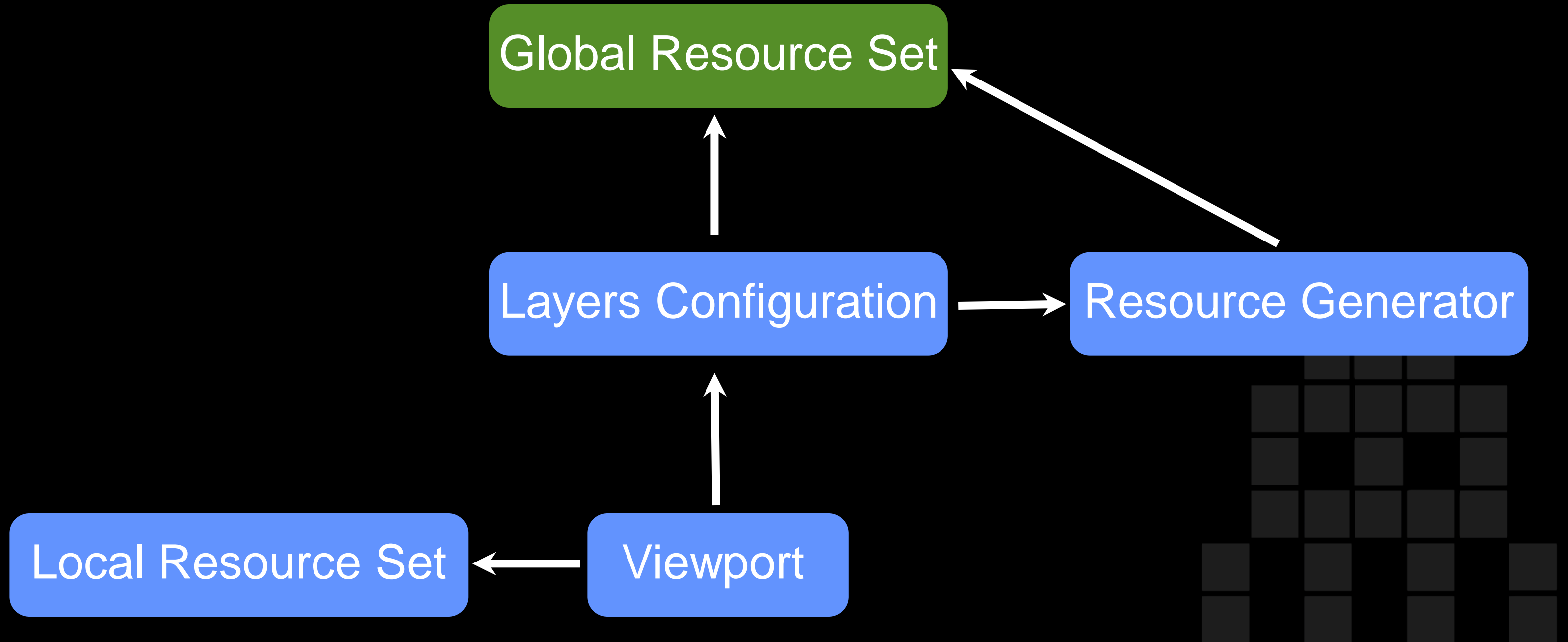
\* Well, not really JSON. We call it SJSON:

<http://bitsquid.blogspot.com/2009/10/simplified-json-notation.html>

# Overview of render\_config



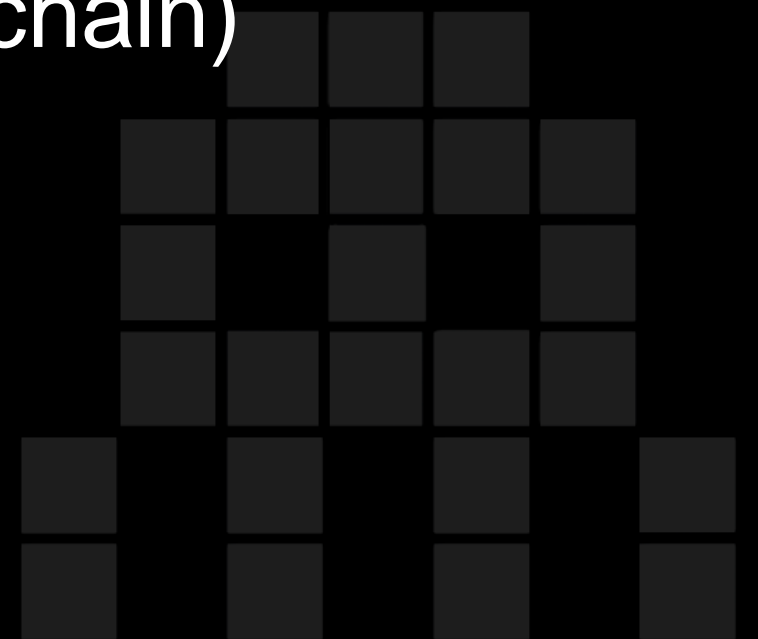
# Global Resource Set



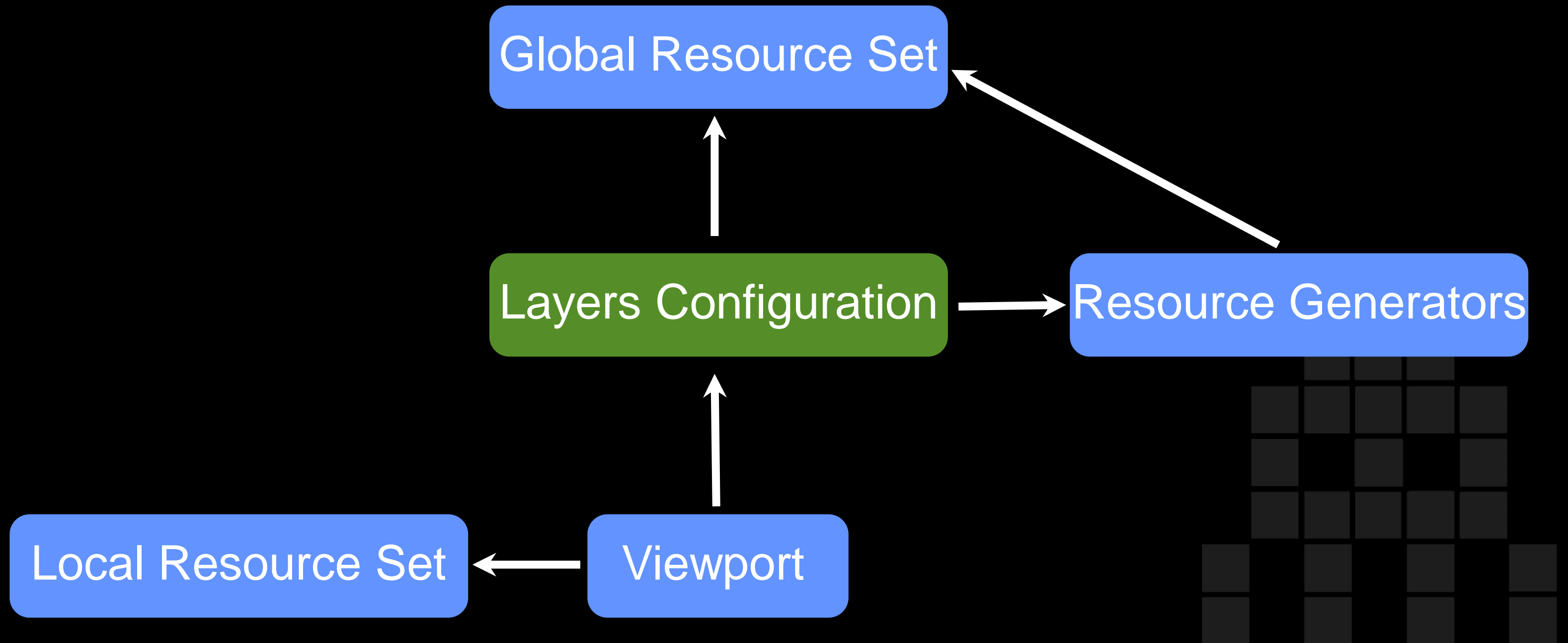
# Global Resource Set

```
global_resources = [  
  { name = "depth_stencil_buffer" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale=1 h_scale=1 format="D24S8" hint_needs_clearing = true },  
  { name = "albedo" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R8G8B8A8" hint_needs_clearing = false},  
  { name = "normal" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R8G8B8A8" hint_needs_clearing = false},  
  { name = "depth" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R32F" hint_needs_clearing = false},  
  { name = "mask" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R8G8B8A8" hint_needs_clearing = false},  
  { name = "light_accumulation" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R16G16B16A16" hint_needs_clearing = true},  
  { name = "self_illumination" type="render_target" depends_on = "back_buffer" w_scale = 1 h_scale = 1 format = "R8G8B8A8" hint_needs_clearing = true})
```

- Specifies GPU resources to be allocated at start-up
- Mainly render targets (all global RTs except swap-chain)
- Resources identified by name



# Layers Configuration



# Layers Configuration

- Defines the draw order of the visible batches in a game world
- Layers are processed in the order they are declared
- Shader system points out which layer to render in





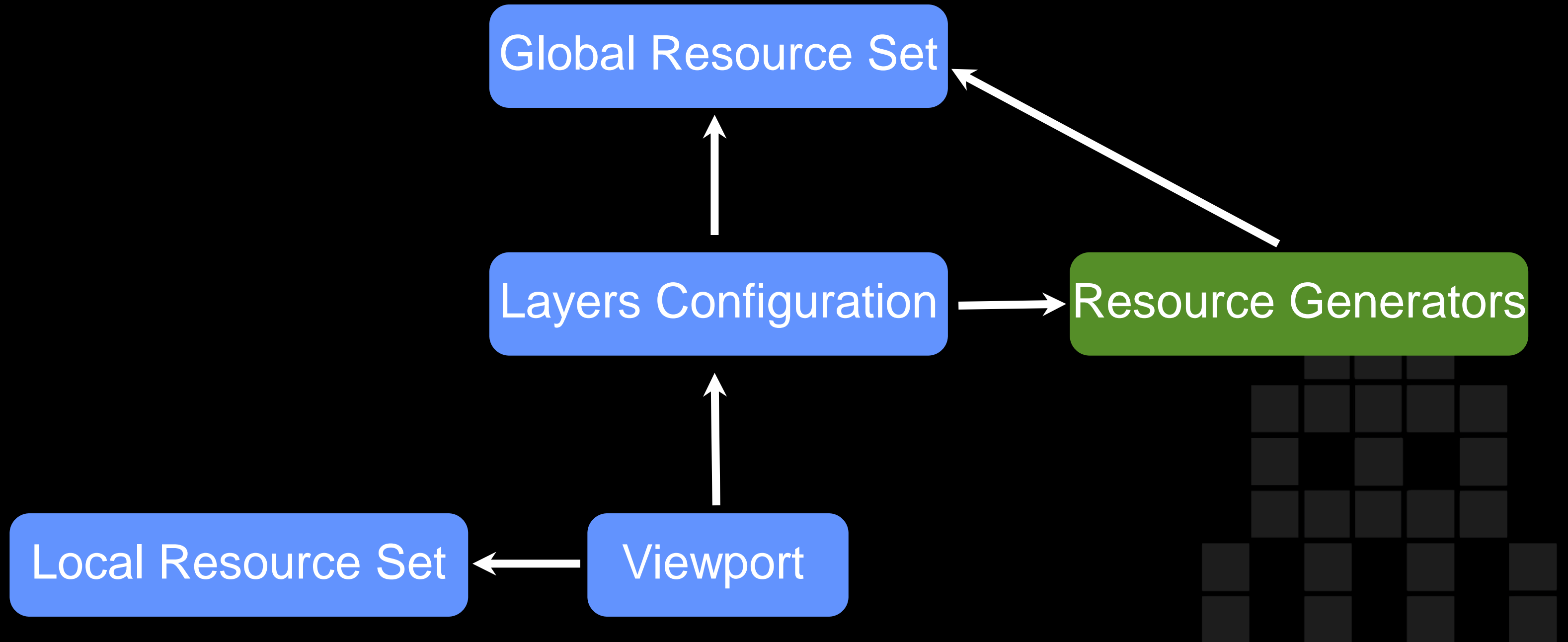
# Layer Breakdown

```
default = [  
  { name = "depth_prepass" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="FRONT_BACK" }  
  { name = "gbuffer" render_targets="albedo normal" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="FRONT_BACK" profiling_scope="gbuffer"}  
  { name = "deferred_shading" resource_generator = "deferred_shading" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" profiling_scope="lighting&shadows" }  
  { name = "skydome" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="BACK_FRONT" profiling_scope="skydome" }  
  { name = "reflections" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="FRONT_BACK" profiling_scope="reflections" }  
  { name = "fog_apply" resource_generator = "fog_apply" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" profiling_scope="fog" }  
  { name = "semi_transparency" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="BACK_FRONT" profiling_scope="semi_transparency" }  
  { name = "transparent" render_targets="light_accumulation" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" sort="BACK_FRONT" profiling_scope="transparent" }  
  { name = "tone_mapping" resource_generator = "tone_mapping" render_targets="back_buffer" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" profiling_scope="tone_mapping" }  
  { name = "post_processing" resource_generator = "post_processing" render_targets="back_buffer" depth_stencil_target="depth_stencil_buffer" profiling_scope="post_processing" }
```

- Name used for referencing from shader system
- Destination render targets (& DST) for the layer batches
- Depth sorting: front-to-back / back-to-front
- Optional Resource Generator\* to run

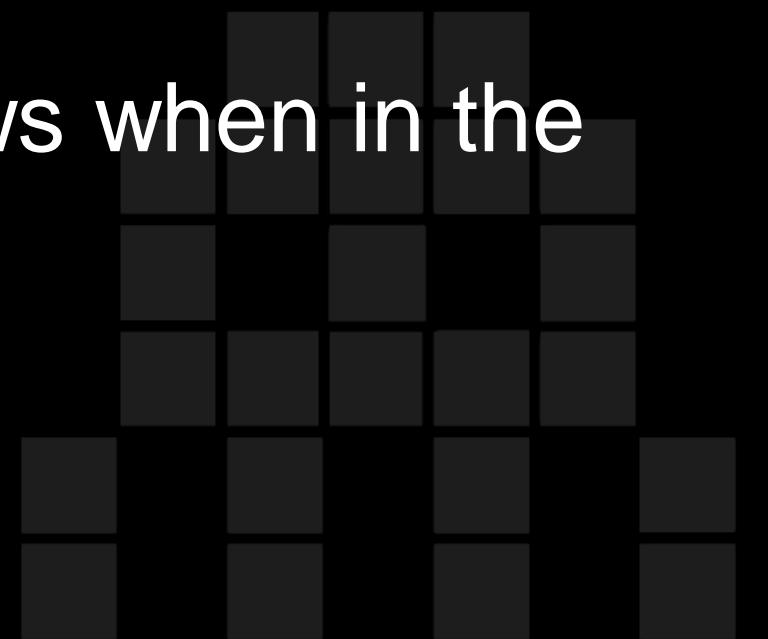
\* More on Resource Generators in the coming slides

# Resource Generators



# Resource Generators

- Minimalistic framework for manipulating GPU resources
- Used for post processing, deferred shading, shadow maps, procedural texture effects, debug rendering, and much more..
- Simple design - just a queue of *Modifiers* that knows when in the frame to run



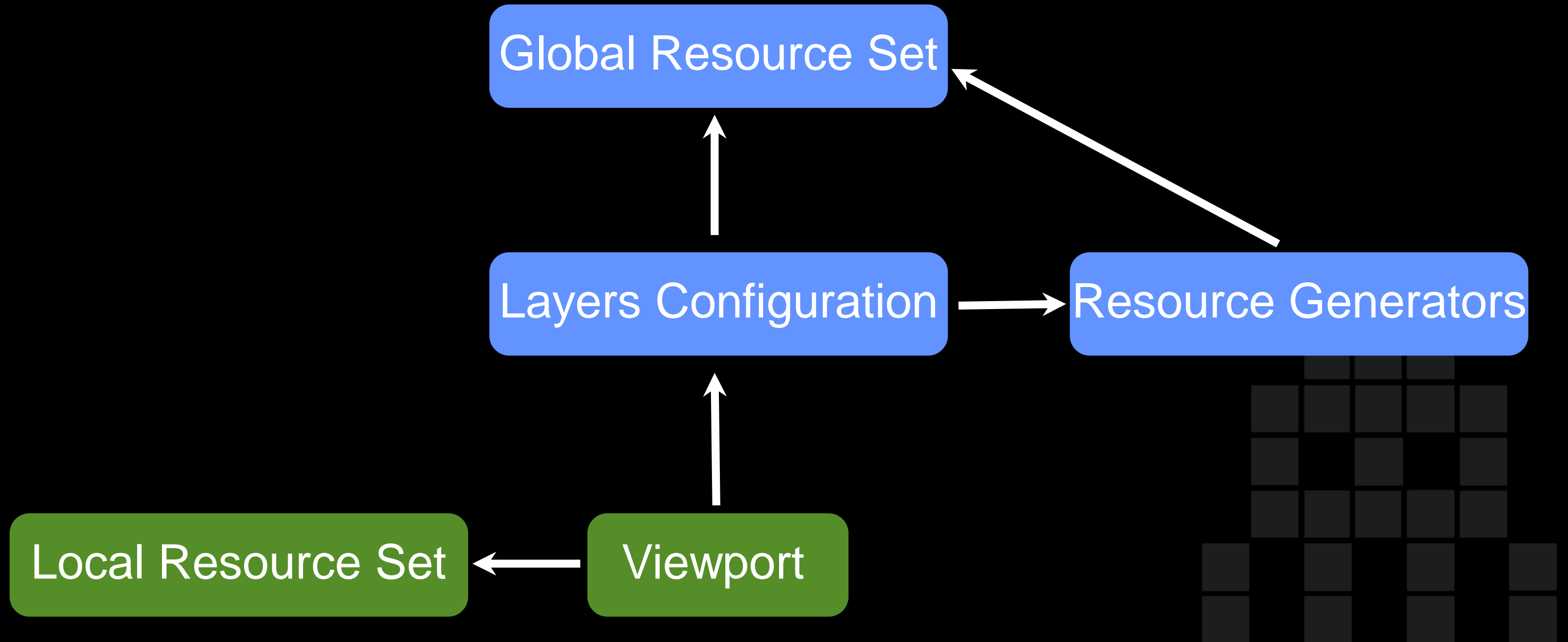
# Resource Generators

Example of a few *Modifiers*

- Fullscreen Pass
- Deferred Shading
- Shadow Mapping
- Compute Shader [DX11]
- SPU Job [PS3]
- Branch

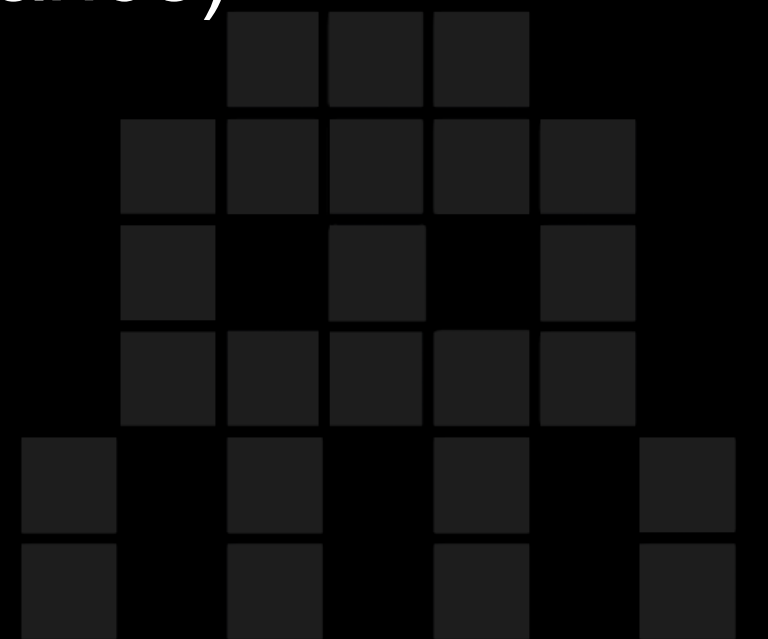


# Viewport



# Viewport

- Ties everything together
- Specifies which layer configuration to use
- Local resource set - resources unique for each instance of a viewport (useful for stuff like current adapted luminance)
- GP programmer renders a game world by calling
  - `render_world(world, camera, viewport)`



# Questions?

[tobias.persson@bitsquid.se](mailto:tobias.persson@bitsquid.se)

<http://www.bitsquid.se>

<http://bitsquid.blogspot.com>

